The St Michael Steiner School

Infectious and Communicable Diseases policy and procedure

We are committed to the health and safety of all staff and pupils and as such, will take necessary steps to prevent the spread of infection. It will sometimes be necessary to require a poorly child to be collected early or be kept at home while they get better.

Parents/carers will be notified immediately if their child has become ill and needs to go home. Poorly children will be comforted, kept safe and under close supervision until they are collected.

If a child has had to go home prematurely due to illness, they should remain at home until they are better (usually at least 24 hours, except for something like food poisoning), or according to the times set out in the table below. If a member of staff becomes ill at work, similar restrictions on their return should be observed.

If any infectious or communicable disease is detected at school, we will inform parents/carers by email as soon as possible and, in the case of notifiable diseases¹, the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) and the Independent Schools Inspectorate.

Head lice

When a case of head lice is discovered, the child concerned will not be isolated from other children and there is no need for them to be excluded. Parents/carers will be informed in a sensitive manner, other parents/carers will be notified by email, and all will be given advice and guidance on treating head lice.

Staff will check themselves regularly for lice and treat whenever necessary.

Minimum Exclusion Periods for Illnesses and Diseases

DISFASE	PERIOD OF EXCLUSION

Chicken Pox 7 days from when the rash first appeared

Conjunctivitis 24 hours or until the eyes have stopped 'weeping'

COVID-19 5 days isolation after diagnosis or until symptoms disappear.

[Notifiable disease]

Diarrhoea 24 hours

Diphtheria [exclude] Notifiable disease, local HPU will advise
Gastro-enteritis, food poisoning,
Dysentery 24 hours or until advised by the doctor/local HPU

Glandular Fever None

Hand, Foot and Mouth disease None – contact local HPU re exclusion if large no. of children

affected

Hepatitis A 7 days from onset of jaundice & when recovered [Notifiable

diseasel

Hepatitis B None [Notifiable disease]

High temperature 24 hours

¹ There is a statutory duty to report notifiable diseases in the <u>Public Health (Control of Disease) Act 1984</u> and the <u>Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010</u>. The list of notifiable diseases is here: https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/820133/PHE_Notifiable_diseases_poster_HPT.pdf

Impetigo Until skin has healed [or 48 hours after commencing

antibiotics]

antibiotics -

Measles 4 days from when the rash first appeared [Notifiable disease]

Meningitis Until certified well [Notifiable disease]

Mumps 7 days minimum or until the swelling has subsided [Notifiable

disease]

Pediculosis (lice) None

Pertussis (Whooping cough) 21 days from the onset [or 5 days from commencing

Notifiable disease]

Plantar warts Should be treated and covered

Poliomyelitis Until certified well

Ringworm of scalp Until cured

Ringworm of the body exclusion not generally required

Rubella (German Measles) 6 days from onset of rash [Notifiable disease]

Scabies Until treatment has been given

Scarlet fever 24 hours after commencing antibiotics [Notifiable disease]

Tonsilitis None

Tuberculosis Always consult HPU [Notifiable disease]

Typhoid fever Until declared free from infection by a doctor [Notifiable

disease]

Warts (including Verrucae) Exclusion not necessary. Sufferer should keep feet covered.

This list is not exhaustive, and staff are encouraged to contact local health services if they are in any doubt.

Review date: July 2025